

RESULTS OF THE **IRTF-NMRG Workshop**

Challenges for Future Research on Network and Service Management

Aiko Pras

University of Twente

a.pras@utwente.nl

Jointly organized by IRTF/NMRG & EMANICS

IRTF/NMRG:

- Chartered in 1999 (chair: Jürgen Schönwälder)
- 21st meeting in Utrecht, 22nd meeting tomorrow
- ***Foster discussion between IETF, operators and researchers***

EMANICS

- European Sixth Framework Network of Excellence
- 1 January 2006 -> 31 December 2009
- ***Management of the Internet and Complex Services***

Workshop Goals

Goals:

- Bring together researchers, operators, vendors and technology developers
- Identify promising future directions of network management research.
- Outcome should be a description of research directions that is felt worthwhile to explore in the next 5 years.

Non-goal:

- Define what management standards are needed now

Workshop Organization

- Invitation via NMRG list to submit position statements
- 20 participants:
 - Alcatel/Lucent, Avaya, Cisco, Ericsson, HP, Huawei, NEC
 - Orange France Telecom, Korea Telecom, Switch, Tiscali
 - Researchers from EMANICS, as well as from elsewhere
 - 60% from Europe
- Day 1: presentation / discussion of position statements
- Day 2: parallel vendor / operator / researcher sessions
- Day 2: plenary discussion of session results

Research challenges

- Management models
- Distributed monitoring
- Data analysis and visualization
- Economic aspects of management
- Uncertainty and probabilistic approaches
- Ontologies
- Behavior of managed systems

Management models

- We understand:
 - Manager-Agent approach (client-server)
 - Hierarchical management (DisMan, TMN)
- We do *not* understand
 - Fully distributed management (P2P, ad-hoc)
 - Self-* technologies (auto-configuration, stability of control loops)

Distributed monitoring

- Examples of what is needed:
 - track number/quality of VoIP calls
 - find best proxies / peers (P2P)
- Goal: a lightweight, distributed monitoring layer offering aggregates of local info to applications
 - Sum, average, extreme, percentile, histogram, ...
 - Difficulty: bandwidth and CPU usage -> lightweight!
 - Find trade-offs
 - Tree-based versus gossip-based protocols



Data Analysis and Visualization

- We can create:
 - Topology maps for small networks
 - Static time series plots
- We have problems with:
 - Maps for large, multi-layer networks
 - Online analysis at Tbps
 - Visualization of anomalies
 - Real-time, interactive visualization techniques (zooming, filtering, correlating)

Economic Aspects

- Most researchers focus on technical solutions
- Limited research into the operational costs of such technologies:
 - IntServ/DiffServ versus overprovisioning
- Research needed on models to estimate costs
- Network management is risk management

Uncertainty and Probability

- Many researchers focus on deterministic approaches
- Scalability problems force us to rethink in terms of uncertainties and probabilistic approaches:
 - Probabilistic SLAs / statistical guarantees
 - Manager may not have a complete overview
- How to decide between probabilistic and deterministic approaches?

Ontologies

- Data modelling is believed to be understood
- Research is needed:
 - If / how ontologies can be effectively used to automate the implementation of management interfaces
 - If/how ontologies can help to check / enforce policies and behaviour

Behavior of Managed Systems

- Management models usually represent state:
 - MIBs, CIM
- Research is needed to model and manage behavior:
 - Normal versus abnormal behavior
 - Detect resource failure, intrusions, ...
 - Design self-stabilizing systems

Concluding remarks

- Presentation is:
 - Summary of what was discussed at workshop
 - Represent interest of workshop attendees
 - <http://www.ibr.cs.tu-bs.de/projects/nmrg/>
- Follow-up:
 - Internet-Draft (being written)
 - Submit overview article to IEEE ComMag
 - Further discussion: tomorrow's IRTF/NMRG meeting